

# Omega-3, omega-6 and contaminants in Atlantic salmon

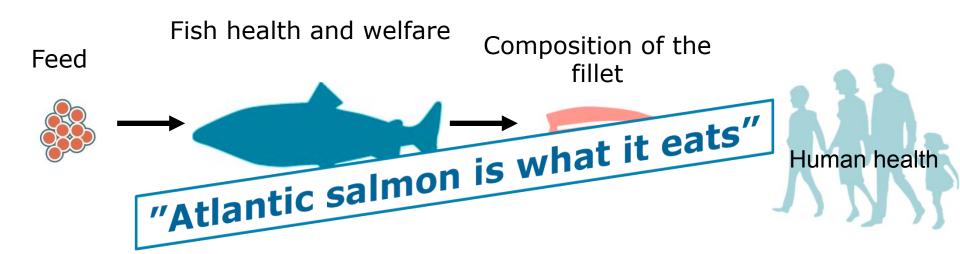
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MIC 2013

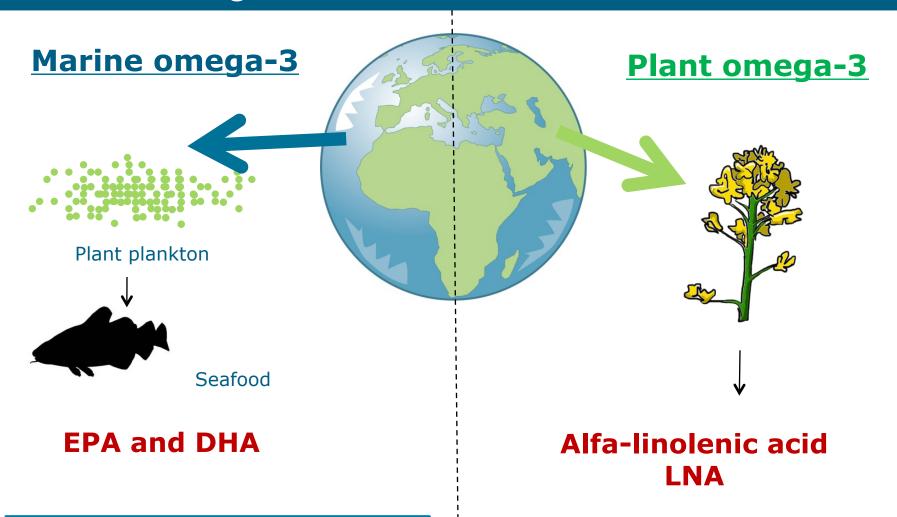


## Atlantic salmon is changing due to the diet



omega-3, omega-6 and marine contaminants

## Omega-3 from sea and land



**Positive health effects** 





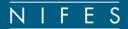
#### **How much EPA and DHA is required?**

#### **Health**



#### **Background diet**





# Healthy adults and children (2-18 år): 0,25 gram EPA+DHA.

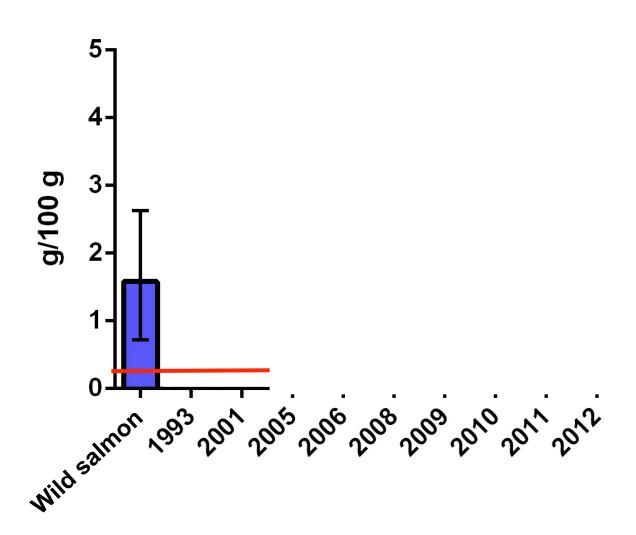
#### **Healthy**

Children (6 mnd – 2 years): 0,1 gram (only DHA)

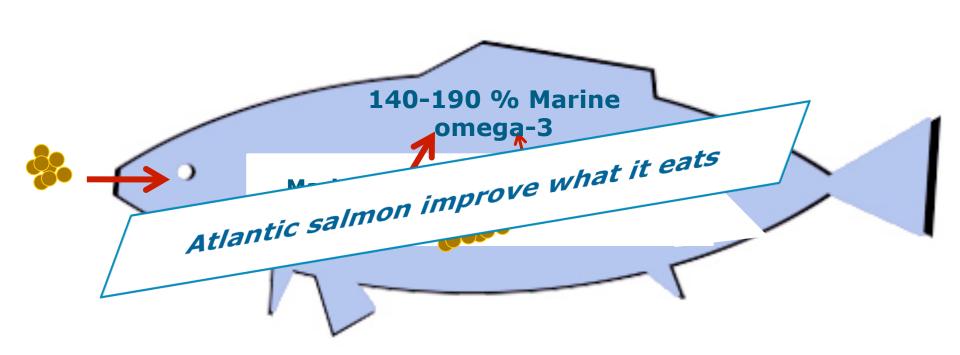
Pregnant and lactating: 0,35-0,45 gram.

# Adult women and men with increased blood pressure and blood TAG levels:

To reduce plasma TAG: ca 2-4 g/d To reduce blood pressure: ca 3 g/d



- 1) Atlantic salmon conserve marine omega-3 in its tissues
  - 2) Atlantic salmon PRODUCE marine omega-3 from plant omega-3



Sanden et al (2011) and Rosenlund, Sissener et al (in prep)

#### 1 kg fish oil with 30% marine omega-3 (300g)





0.05 kg oil with 90% marine omega-3

45 g omega-3



EFSA: 0.250g/day, 1 month

Kilde: Ytrestøyl et al, 2011 (Nofima-rapport)

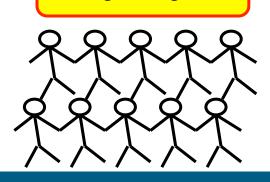


2010 farmed Atlantic salmon fillet

78 g omega-3



By products - marine ingredients





#### 1 kg fish oil with 30% marine omega-3 (300g)

Feed with 0,5% marine omega-3 Calculated using the same model:

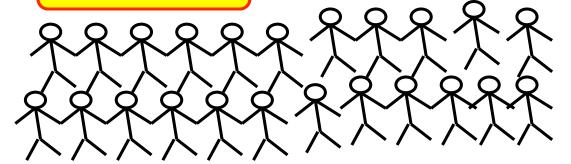


Experimental Atlantic salmon fillet

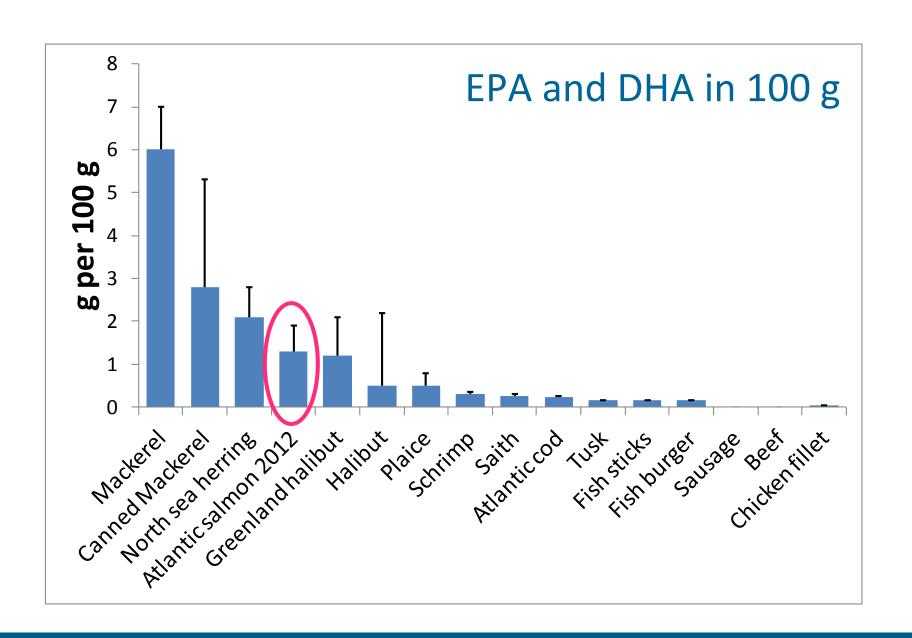
169 g omega-3



By products for marine ingredients

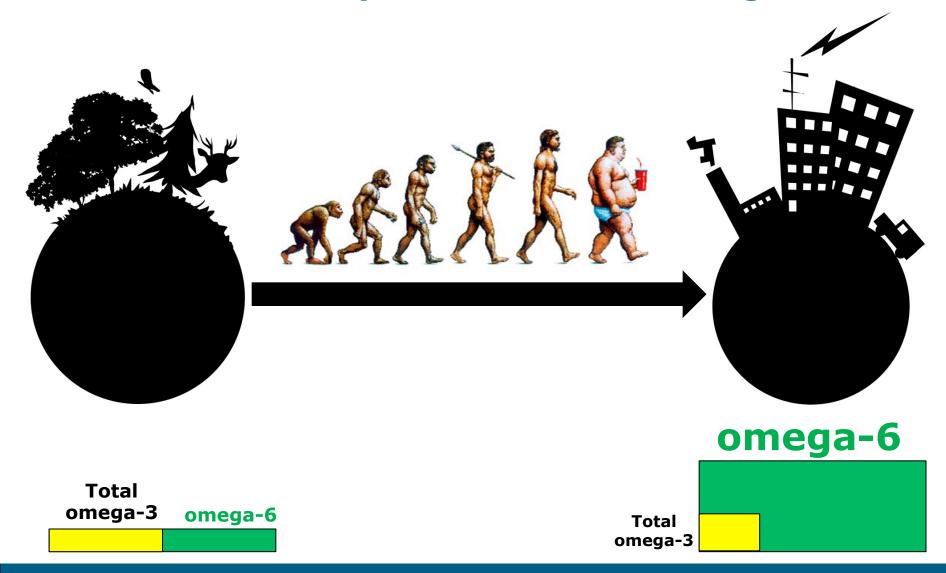






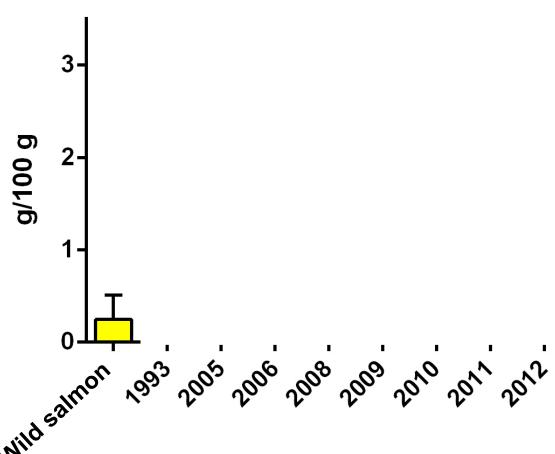


#### Both society and our diet has changed



#### Changes in omega-6 in Atlantic salmon NIFES

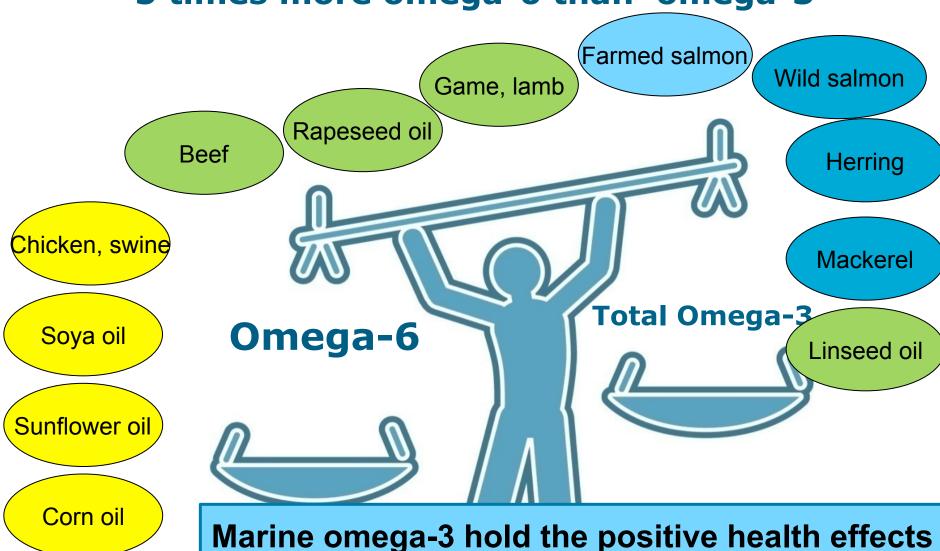


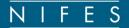


Reccommended max intake of 21 g per day (based on a 2000 kcal diet)

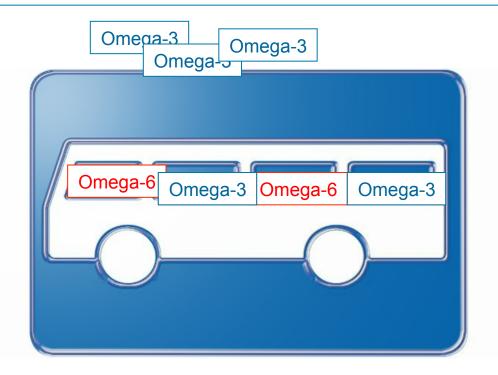


# Dietary recommendation: 5 times more omega-6 than omega-3



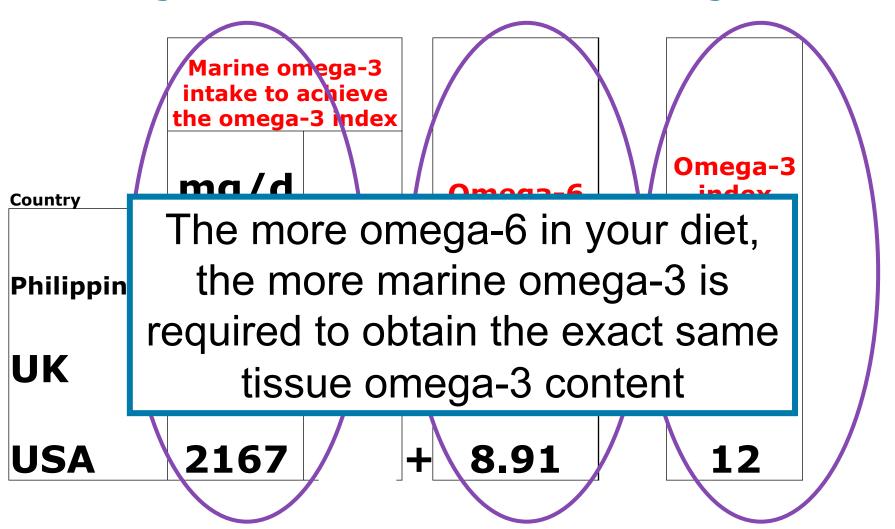


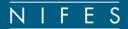
# The content of marine omega-3 in the tissue determine the health effects





#### **Omega-6 intake affect tissue marine omega-3 content**





#### **Marine contaminants**



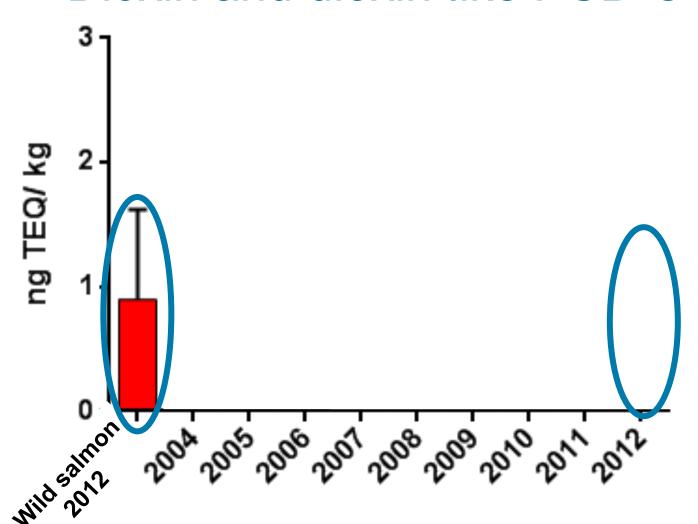
Dioxins and dioxin like PCB's

Safe feed

Dioxins and dioxin like PCB's

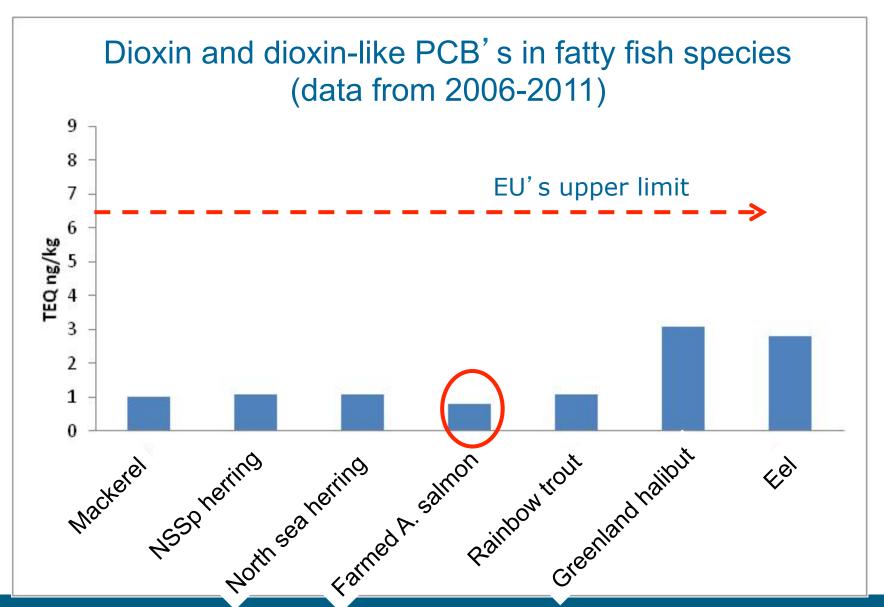


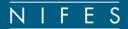
## Dioxin and dioxin-like PCB's





#### Atlantic salmon compared to other fatty fish





### Tolerable weekly intake (TWI)

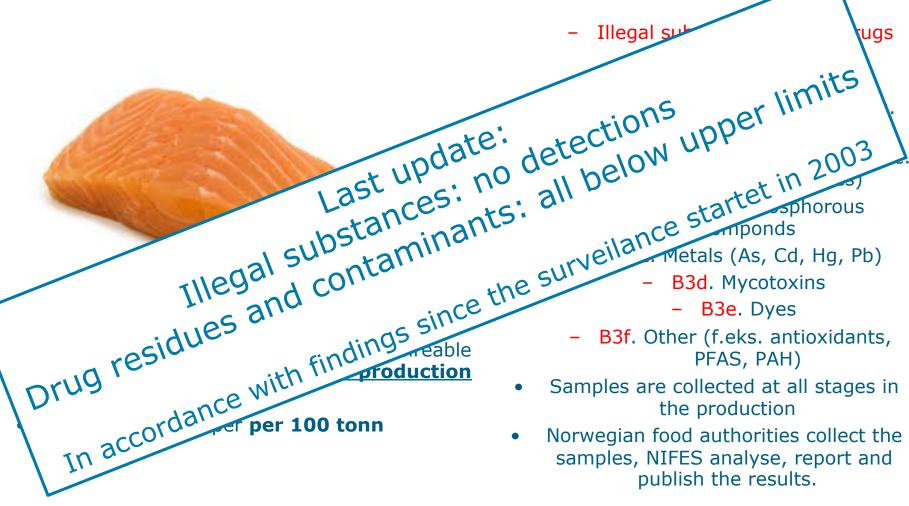
TWI for dioxins and dioxin-like PCB's = 0,98 nanogram



Contribution from other foods

Farmed salmon (2012) Wild salmon (2012)

# Farmed salmon is analysed annually for contaminants and other undesireable components





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- A good source of marine omega-3
- Still a limited source of omega-6
- Still contribute to improve the balance between omega-6 and omega-3 in our diet
- Safe food which is carefully monitored

Omega-6 in farmed salmon should not increase further





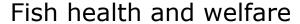




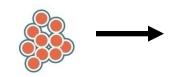


#### MARINE PROTEIN





Composition of the fillet



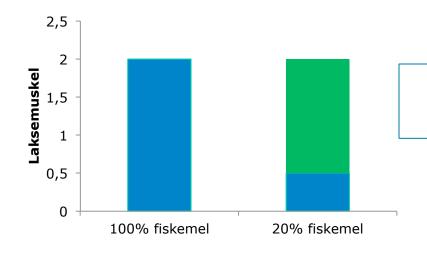
"composition of the fillet DOES NOT reflect the feed"

## rotein =amino acids

Feed

reuirements for essential amino acids

composition is detemined by the genetic code



Net production of marine protein